## **Richard Shorman**

## Chess

MONTEREY INTERNATIONAL RESULTS

Ninety-five players participated in the eleventh annual Monterey International Open chess tournament, June 28 and 29. Ted and Ruby Yudacufski directed the USCF-rated Swiss

system event. Complete results:

**Open Division.** 1st-2nd, Richard Bustamante (trophy), Castle AFB, and Peter Biyiasas, Canada,  $3^{1}2^{-1}2$ , \$135 each; 1st-3rd A, Clifford Kull, Mt. View, Peter Thompson, Minnesota, and Mike Ewell, San Jose,  $2^{1}2^{-1}1_2$ , \$33.35 each; 1st under 1800, Chris McDade, Tennessee, and Jan Kuba, Folsom,  $1^{1}2^{-2}1_2$ , book prize.

Class B. 1st, Mark Gazse, Los Gatos, 5-0, \$125; 2nd-3rd, Wayne McClintock, Oakland, and Karel Zikan, Seaside, 4-1, \$37.50 each.

Class C. 1st-4th, Woodrow Morgan, San Jose, Scot Williams, Modesto, Francis Gallagher, New Jersey, and Gary Driscoll, Mt. Hermon, 3-2, \$45 each.

Class D-E. 1st-2nd, Harry Bender, San Jose, and Alan Brodie, Palo Alto, 4½-½, \$75 each.

"Unrated Division. 1st-2nd, Bob Riner, Monterey, and Jeffrey Tolhurst, Carmel Valley, 3-2, \$22.50 each.

Here are three of the most lively and interesting games from the open division, recorded in USCF sanctioned coordinate chess notation (files lettered "a" to "h", ranks numbered "1" to "8", always counting from White's lower left corner regardless of whose turn to move; pawn captures designated by file letters only).

White: Peter Cleghorn (2311). Black: Richard Bustamante (2152). Monterey, June 29, 1975. Sicilian Defense 1 e4 c5 Nf3 e6 3 Nc3 Nc6 4 d4 cd 5 Nd4 a6 6 Be3 Nf6 7 Nc6 bc 8 e5 Nd5 9 Nd5 cd 10 Qd4 Rb8 11 a3 d6 12 ed Qf6 13 Qf6 gf 14 0-0-0 Bd6 15 Bd4 Kc7 16 Bd3 e5 17 Rhe1 Be6 18 Bc3 Rb6 19 Ba5 Rc6 20 g3 Rhc8 21 Rd2 f5 22 Bf1 d4 23 Bb4 Bb4 24 ab f6 25 Kb1 Rd8 26 Red1 Rb8 27 Rd3 Rb4 28 Ra3 Bc4 29 Bc4 Rbc4 30 Rd2 Rb6 31 Ra5 Rcb4 32 b3 R4b5 33 Ra4 Rc5 34 Rd3 Ke6 35 Kb2 Rbc6 36 Rd2 a5 37 Ra1 Rb5 38 Rd3 Rbc5 39 Rd2 e4 40 Ra4 Kc5 41 Kb1 Rd6 42 Kb2 Rcd5 43 Rc4 f4 44 Rc7 f3 45 Rh7 e3 46 Rd1 e2 47 Re1 d3 48 Re7 Kf5 49 Resigns.

White: Edward McCaskey (1857). Black: Alex Suhobeck (2172). Monterey, June 29, 1975. From's Gambit 1 f4 e5 2 fe d6 3 ed Bd6 4 Nf3 Bg4 5 e3 Nf6 6 Nc3 0-0 7 Be2 c6 8 b3 Nbd7 9 Bb2 Qc7 10 Ng5 Bh2 11 Bg4 Qg3 12 Kf1 Ng4 13 Nce4 Qh4 14 g3 Qh5 15 Kg2 f5 16 Bg7 Rfe8 17 Nf2 Re3 18 Nf3 Kg7 19 Nh2 Re6 20 Nhg4 Qg5 21 Ne3 Rg6 22 Qf3 f4 23 Rh5 Qf6 24 Nf5 Kg8 25 Rah1 fg 26 Ng3 Qf3 27 Kf3 Rf8 28 Kg2 Rf7 29 Ne4 Nf8 30 Rg5 Ne6 31 Rg6 hg 32 Ne2 Kg7 33 Rf1 Re7 34 d3 b5 35 Kg3 a5 36 Kg4 c5 37 Rf6 c4 38 Nf4 Nf4 39 Rf4 cb 40 cb Rc7 41 d4 Rc1 42 d5 Rd1 43 d6 Rd4 44 Kf3 a4 45 Ke3 Rd5 46 Rf2 ab 47 ab Rd1 48 Nd2 Re1 49 Kd4 Re8 50 Kc5 g5 51 d7 Resigns.

White: Van Vandivier (1925). Black: Robert Harshbarger (2041). Monterey, June 29, 1975. Sicilian Defense 1 e4 c5 Nf3 Nc6 3 d4 cd 4 Nd4 Nf6 5 Nc3 d6 6 Bc4 e6 7 Be3 Be7 8 0-0 0-0 9 Kh1 Ne5 10 Be2 Bd7 11 f4 Ng6 12 Bd3 Qa5 13 g4 Rfc8 14 g5 Ne8 15 Qh5 f5 16 Rf3 Rc3 17 Bd2 Rd3 18 Ba5 Rd4 19 Rh3 Bc6 20 Qh7 Kf7 21 Bc3 Re4 22 Kg1 Rf4 23 Rh6 Rg4 24 Kf2 Rg5 25 Rg1 Rg1 26 Kg1 Nf8 27 Qh8 gh 28 Qh6 Nf6 29 Resigns.

## KARPOV'S CHAMPIONSHIP DEBUT

New world champion Anatoly Karpov of the Soviet Union scored seven victories and eight draws to win the Vidmar Memorial tournament undefeated in his first chess competition since receiving his title by default from Robert Fis-

Many-time Yugoslav champion Svetozar Gligoric placed second with 10 points out of 15, ahead of Vlastimil Hort, Semyon Furman, Zoltan Ribli, Lyubomir Lyuboevic, Dragolyub Velimirovic, Lajos Portisch and eight others.
White Anatoly Karpov (USSR). Black: Silvino Garcia (Cuba). Vidmar Memorial, Portoroz, Yugoslavia, 1975.

Sicilian Defense.

1	P-K4	P-QB4	19	PxP.	RPxP
2	N-KB3	N-QB3	20	B-R6	BxB(f)
3	P-Q4	PxP	21	RxB	K-N2
4	NxP	P-KN3	22	QR-R1	Q-N3
5	N-QB3	B-N2	23	N(4)-K2(q)	P-K3
6	B-K3	N-B3	24	P-N4	K-B1(h)
7	A TOTAL STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	0-0	25	R-R8ch	K-K2
	B-N3	P-Q3	26	RxR	N-K4
9		B-Q2	27	Q-Q1	BxR
10	0-02	Q-R4	28	P-N5	N(3)-Q2
11	P-KR4	KR-B1	29	P-R3!	RxB
12	0-0-0	N-K4(a)	30	PxR	NxP
13	K-N1	P-QN4?!(b)	31	N-B4	Q-B7(i)
14		Q-R3	32	NxNPch!(j)	PxN
15		N-B5	33	R-R7ch	K-Q1
16		QR-N1	34	QxP	Q-Q5
17		R-N5	35		Resigns(k)
18		Q-N2(e)			1 mark

(Notes by international master Igor Zaitsev, translated from "64", No. 24, June 13-19, 1975, pg. 9)

- (a) A well known position in the Dragon variation of the Sicilian Defense, in which White, as a rule, chooses one of three plans: 13 P-R5 NxRP 14 N-Q5!? QxQch 15 RxQ K-B1 16 P-N4 N-KB3 17 NxN 18 RxP or 13 P-R5 NxRP 14 B-R6 or, lastly, the continuation selected by the world champion.
- (b) A questionable pawn sacrifice to open attacking lines on the queen side, but Karpov is able to prove the soundness of White's king position.

(c) Even an untrained eye can discern that Black is not in a

position to breach White's armored defense.

(d) The time has come to remind Black of his own king. It soon becomes clear that White's single open file more than matches Black's two half-open files.

(3) Of course not 18... NxRP because of 19 N-Q5.

(f) Black will also live in constant fear over the safety of his king side after 20 . . . B-R1 21 B-N5.

(g) Another option is 23 N-Q5, e.g., 23 . . . QxN 24 R-R7ch K-B1 25 R-R8ch K-N2 26 R(1)-R7ch NxR 27 QxQch P-K4 28 QxRP. White's modest appearing move produces the desired effect much faster, however (h) The black king hastens to slip out of the danger zone,

but White's pieces follow him into the center as well.

(i) The threat was both 32 QxN and 32 N-Q5ch.

(i) A final winning shot.

(k) On 35 . . . K-B2 36 N-N5ch Black loses his queen, too.

## AN EPISODE IN THE CAREER OF PAUL MORPHY By Philip Sergeant

There is no record of any personal meeting between Morphy and Paulsen, either at the New York Chess Club or elsewhere, and we may presume that Paulsen left America without a further opportunity of pressing his claim to a match. His subsequent career as a chessplayer was distinguished. In 1862 he competed in the London tournament of 1862 and took second prize. For a first prize he had to wait for the Leipzig tournament of 1877. In the years 1876-7 he won two matches against Anderssen, but, as the latter was then approaching 60 years of age and had 10 years before lost his title to the world's chess championship (Steinitz beat him in a match), this double victory by Paulsen must not be overrated. It was by no means comparable with the crushing success of Morphy over Anderssen in Paris in 1858.